

Jan 13:25

- BYZ ἐπιπεσὼν δὲ ἐκεῖνος οὕτως ἐπὶ τὸ στήθος τοῦ Ἰησοῦ λέγει αὐτῷ Κύριε τίς ἐστιν
- GNT ἀναπεσὼν οὖν ἐκεῖνος οὕτως ἐπὶ τὸ στήθος τοῦ Ἰησοῦ λέγει αὐτῷ, Κύριε, τίς ἐστιν;
- TIS ἐπιπεσὼν οὖν ἐκεῖνος οὕτως ἐπὶ τὸ στήθος τοῦ Ἰησοῦ, λέγει αὐτῷ, Κύριε, τίς ἐστιν;
- WHO ἀναπεσὼν ἐκεῖνος οὕτως ἐπὶ τὸ στήθος τοῦ Ἰησοῦ λέγει αὐτῷ Κύριε τίς ἐστιν
- BKR A on odpočívaje na prsech Ježíšových, řekl jemu: Pane, kdo jest?
- CEP Ten učedník se naklonil těsně k Ježíšovi a zeptal se: "Pane, kdo to je?"
- KMS On se naklonil k Ježíšovým prsům a řekl mu: "Pane, kdo to je?"
- NKB A on spočinul na Ježíšových prsou a řekl mu: "Pane, kdo [to] je?"
- ASV He leaning back, as he was, on Jesus' breast saith unto him, Lord, who is it?
- DRA He therefore, leaning on the breast of Jesus, saith to him: Lord, who is it?
- KJV He then lying on Jesus' breast saith unto him, Lord, who is it?
- NAB He leaned back against Jesus' chest and said to him, "Master, who is it?"
- NAU He, leaning back thus on Jesus' bosom, said to Him, "Lord, who is it?"
- NIV Leaning back against Jesus, he asked him, "Lord, who is it?"
- NJB so leaning back close to Jesus' chest he said, 'Who is it, Lord?'
- NKJ Then, leaning back on Jesus' breast, he said to Him, "Lord, who is it?"
- NLT So that disciple leaned over to Jesus and asked, "Lord, who is it?"
- NRS So while reclining next to Jesus, he asked him, "Lord, who is it?"
- RSV So lying thus, close to the breast of Jesus, he said to him, "Lord, who is it?"
- RWB He then lying on Jesus' breast saith to him, Lord, who is it?
- YLT and that one having leant back on the breast of Jesus, respondeth to him, 'Sir, who is it?'

Verše Jan 13 popisují události při poslední večeři Ježíše s jeho učedníky. Ježíš učedníkům oznamuje, že jeden z nich jej zradí. Učedníci se v nejistotě dívají jeden na druhého. Šimon se obrací na učedníka, *kterého Ježíš miloval*, sedícího u stolu po Ježíšově boku. Šimon žádá tohoto učedníka, aby se zeptal Ježíše, kdo je onen zrádce.

V CEP čteme, že učedník, *kterého Ježíš miloval*, *se naklonil těsně k Ježíšovi a zeptal se: "Pane, kdo to je?"*

Překlad však neodpovídá původnímu řeckému textu. Překladatelům bylo zřejmě proti mysli uvést přesný překlad přímo do biblického textu. Zřejmě jim bylo proti mysli, že snad učedník *odpočíval na prsech Ježíšových*, jak překládá BKR.

Podívejme se na význam jednotlivých slov v řeckém referenčním textu:

referenční text	význam pojmu podle slovníků
GNT, WHO <i>ἀναπεσῶν</i>	<p>(UBS Lexicon) 400 ἀναπίπτω (aor. ἀνέπεσον) sit; sit at table; lean</p> <p>(Thayer's Lexicon) 400 ἀναπίπτω ἀναπίπτω: 2 aorist ἀνέπεσον, 3 person plural ἀνέπεσον Mark 6:40 (T Tr WH ἀνέπεσαν); John 6:10 (L T Tr WH ἀνέπεσαν), infinitive ἀναπεσεῖν, imperative ἀνάπεσε Luke 14:10 (Rec. ἀνάπεσον from 1 aorist ἀνέπεσα ((Griesbach ἀνάπεσαι i. e. 1 aorist middle imperative))); Luke 17:7 (R G ἀνάπεσαι, cf. WH. Appendix, p. 164; Tdf. Proleg., p. 123; see πίπτω, participle ἀναπεσῶν; cf. Winer's Grammar, sec. 13, 1, p. 73 (71); (Buttmann, 39f (34f), 67 (59); from Euripides down); <i>to lie back, lie down</i>: absolutely, Mark 6:40; John 6:10 (namely, on the ground); ἐπί τήν γῆν, Matt. 15:35; ἐπί τῆς γῆς, Mark 8:6. In later Greek (cf. Lob. ad Phryn., p. 216; (Winer's Grammar, 23 (22))) for ἀνακλίνομαι <i>to recline at table</i>: Luke 11:37; 14:10; 17:7; 22:14; John 13:12; 21:20 (others refer this to the following meaning). <i>to lean back</i>, John 13:25 L Tr WH. (It denotes an act rather than a state, and in the last passage differs from ἀνάκειμαι, John 13:23, by indicating a change of position.)*</p> <p>(Friegerg lexicon) 1757 ἀναπίπτω 2aor. ἀνέπεσον; (1) <i>lie down, recline</i>, especially at a meal; <i>take one's place at table, sit down</i> (MT 15.35); (2) <i>lean close to, lean back on</i> (JN 13.25)</p> <p>(Louw-Nida lexicon) 17.23 ἀνάκειμαι ; ἀνακλίνομαι ; κατάκειμαι ; κατακλίνομαι ; ἀναπίπτω: to be in a reclining position as one eats (with the focus either upon the position or the act of eating) - 'to recline, to eat, to be at table, to eat, to dine, to sit down to eat.' ἀνάκειμαι: καὶ ἀνακειμένων αὐτῶν καὶ ἐσθιόντων ὁ Ἰησοῦς εἶπεν 'while they were at table eating, Jesus said' Mk 14.18; οὐδείς ἔγνω τῶν ἀνακειμένων 'none of those dining understood' Jn 13.28. ἀνακλίνομαι: ἀνακλιθήσονται μετὰ Ἀβραάμ καὶ Ἰσαὰκ καὶ Ἰακώβ ἐν τῇ βασιλείᾳ τῶν οὐρανῶν 'they will dine with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob in the kingdom of heaven' Mt 8.11. κατάκειμαι: κατακειμένου αὐτοῦ 'while he was reclining at table' Mk 14.3. For the interpretation of ἀνάκειμαι and κατάκειμαι focusing upon eating, see 23.21. κατακλίνομαι: εἰσελθὼν ... κατεκλίθη 'he came in ... and sat down to eat' Lk 7.36. ἀναπίπτω: εἰσελθὼν δὲ ἀνέπεσεν 'and he came in and sat down to eat' Lk 7.37.</p>

<p>BYZ, TIS</p> <p>ἐπιπεσῶν</p>	<p>(UBS Lexicon)</p> <p>2478 ἐπιπίπτω (aor. ἐπέπεσον ; pf. ἐπιπέπτωκα) fall or come upon; press close on; ἐ. ἐπὶ τὸν τράχηλον embrace (Lk 15.20; Ac 20.37)</p> <p>(Thayer's Lexicon)</p> <p>2095 ἐπιπίπτω</p> <p>ἐπιπίπτω; 2 aorist ἐπέπεσον, 3 person plural ἐπέπεσαν, Rom. 15:3 L T Tr WH (cf. ἀπέρχομαι at the beginning); perfect participle ἐπιπεπτωκώς; (see πίπτω); the Septuagint for ἔπε; <i>to fall upon; to rush or press upon</i>; a. properly: τίνι, upon one, Mark 3:10; <i>to lie upon</i> one, Acts 20:10; ἐπὶ τὸν τράχηλον τίνος, to fall into one's embrace, Luke 15:20; Acts 20:37 (Gen. 46:29; Tobit 11:8,12; 3 Macc. 5:49); <i>to fall back upon</i>, ἐπὶ τὸ στήθος τίνος, John 13:25 R G T. b. metaphorically, ἐπὶ τινα, <i>to fall upon one</i>, i. e. <i>to seize, take possession of him</i>: φόβος, Luke 1:12; Acts 19:17 (L Tr ἔπεσεν); Rev. 11:11 L T Tr WH; ἕκστασις, Acts 10:10 Rec.; ἀχλύς, Acts 13:11 (R G). used also of the Holy Spirit, in its inspiration and impulse: ἐπὶ τίνι, Acts 8:16; ἐπὶ τινα, 10:44 (Lachmann ἔπεσε); 11:15 (Ezek. 11:5); of reproaches cast upon one: Rom. 15:3. (Noteworthy is the absolutely use in Acts 23:7 WH marginal reading ἐπέπεσεν (others, ἐγένετο) στάσις. (From Herodotus down.))*</p> <p>(Friegerg lexicon)</p> <p>10922 ἐπιπίπτω 2aor. ἐπέπεσον; pf. ἐπιπέπτωκα; (1) literally <i>fall on</i> someone, <i>throw oneself on</i> (AC 20.10); idiomatically <i>ἐπιπίπτειν ἐπὶ τὸν τράχηλον</i> literally <i>fall on the neck</i>, i.e. <i>embrace, hug affectionately</i> (LU 15.20; AC 20.37); (2) <i>press or push against</i> (MK 3.10); (3) figuratively, of unexpected events, misfortunes, apprehensions <i>come on, seize, happen suddenly to</i> (AC 19.17); of the Holy Spirit in relation to a person <i>come down on, fall on</i> (AC 10.44)</p> <p>(Louw-Nida lexicon)</p> <p>19.43 ἐπίκειμαι ; ἐπιπίπτω: to press or push against - 'to press against, to push against.' ἐπίκειμαι: ἐγένετο δὲ ἐν τῷ τὸν ὄχλον ἐπικεῖσθαι αὐτῷ καὶ ἀκούειν τὸν λόγον τοῦ θεοῦ 'while the people pushed their way to him to listen to the word of God' Lk 5.1. ἐπιπίπτω: ὥστε ἐπιπίπτειν αὐτῷ ἵνα αὐτοῦ ἄψωνται ὅσοι εἶχον μάστιγας 'so that all the sick kept pressing toward him in order to touch him' Mk 3.10.</p> <p>(Liddell-Scott lexicon)</p> <p>15620 ἐπιπίπτω</p> <p>ἐπι-πίπτω, f. -πεσοῦμαι, <i>to fall upon or over</i> another, c. dat., Thuc.</p> <p>II. <i>to fall upon, attack, assail</i>, τινί Hdt., Thuc., etc.; of storms, Hdt., Plat.: of disease and accidents, Thuc., Eur.</p>
<p>ἐπί</p>	<p>(UBS Lexicon)</p> <p>2408 ἐπί prep. with: (1) gen. on, upon; over; at, by; before, in the presence of; when, under, at the time of; in the passage about (Mk 12.26; Lk 20.37); ἐπί or ἐπί στοματος on the evidence of (Mt 18.16; 2 Cor 13.1; 1 Tm 5.19); (2) dat. on, at, in; with, by near; over; because of, on the basis of; to, for; against; in addition to; about, concerning; of, from (rarely); after (Lk 1.59); (3) acc. on, upon; in; against; over; to, for; around, about, concerning; towards; among (rarely); ἐπί τὸ αὐτο together; ἐφ' ὅσον χρόνον while, as long as; ἐπὶ τοῦτο for this purpose (Lk 4.43)</p>
<p>στήθος</p>	<p>(UBS Lexicon)</p> <p>5619 στήθος , ος n chest, breast</p> <p>(Thayer's Lexicon)</p> <p>4903 στήθος</p> <p>στήθος, στήθους, τό (from ἴστημι; that which stands out, is prominent (Etymologicum Magnum 727, 19 διότι ἔστηκεν ἀσάλευτον)), from Homer down, <i>the breast</i>: John 13:25; 21:20 (cf. κόλπος, 1); Rev. 15:6. τύπτειν εἰς τὸ στήθος or τύπτειν τὸ στήθος, of mourners (see κόπτω), Luke 18:13; 23:48.*</p>

	<p>(Friegerg lexicon) 24948 στήθος, ους, τό as the front part of the upper body <i>breast, chest</i>; idiomatically, from the Mediterranean custom for guests to recline on couches around a table at a meal ἀναπίπτειν ἐπὶ τὸ σ. literally <i>lean back on the breast</i>, i.e. <i>dine in the place of honor</i> (JN 13.25)</p> <p>(Louw-Nida lexicon) 8.36 στήθος, ους <i>n</i>: the trunk of the body from the neck to the abdomen - 'chest.' περιεζωσμένοι περὶ τὰ στήθη ζώνας χρυσᾶς 'they had gold bands tied around their chests' Re 15.6. In some languages one must distinguish clearly between a term which refers to the entire upper part of the human trunk and that which designates primarily the surface as in Re 15.6.</p> <p>(Liddell-Scott lexicon) 37254 στήθος, ΣΤῚ ΗΘΟΣ, στήθος ΣΤῚ ΗΘΟΣ, εος, τό, <i>the breast</i>, Lat. pectus, Hom., Xen. II. metaph. <i>the breast as the seat of feeling, the heart</i>, Hom. (always in pl.), Aesch.</p>
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Doslovný překlad tedy zní

seděl, opíral se, spočíval, ležel na prsou, hrudi Ježíše
 resp. *padnul (metaforicky), položil se na prsa, hrud' Ježíše*

Z českých překladů je nejbližší referenčnímu textu BKR.

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GNT - The Greek New Testament

(GNT), edited by Kurt Aland, Matthew Black, Carlo M. Martini, Bruce M. Metzger, and Allen Wikgren, in cooperation with the Institute for New Testament Textual Research, Münster/Westphalia, Fourth Edition (with exactly the same text as the Nestle-Aland 27th Edition of the Greek New Testament), Copyright © 1966, 1968, 1975 by the United Bible Societies (UBS) and 1993, 1994 by Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft (German Bible Society), Stuttgart. Used by permission. Used by arrangement through United Bible Societies and Drs. Timothy and Barbara Friberg (AGNT/ANLEX). The computer form for the UBS Second Edition (© 1968) was prepared by the TLG Project. The computer form for the UBS Third Edition (© 1975) was derived from the MRT (machine readable text) created by Timothy and Barbara Friberg at the University of Minnesota, Academic Computing Services and Systems. Note that minor variations in versification exist between the Greek NT and the English Bibles. The ancient manuscripts contained no verse numbers or punctuation. In about 30 locations the first or last word or phrase or clause in the English Bibles is found as the last or first word or phrase or clause in the previous or following verse in the Greek NT. These variations are not automatically mapped when forming an index/concordance. Thus if you use an index of one language for another, for certain passages its location will be proximate, within one-half to one verse for the Greek NT. This is not true for the BHS (e.g. titles in Psalms) and not for the LXX (major variants and re-locations of content), since BibleWorks provides standard and user-modifiable alignment mappings (see Online Help and see above discussion under the LXX). Long-range planning hopes to include a competent textual apparatus for the Greek NT in hypertext format.

TIS Tischendorf GNT 8th Edition

TIS - Tischendorf GNT 8th Edition, 1869-1872 (TIS). Provided by Clint Yale. Accents added by BibleWorks. Historical note: Lobegott Friedrich Konstantin von Tischendorf (1815-1874) studied under J. G. B. Winer, the grammarian. During his lifetime, Tischendorf published more manuscripts and critical editions of the Greek New Testament than any other scholar. His most famous discovery was the Codex Sinaiticus at St. Catherine's Monastery in Sinai.

WHO Westcott and Hort GNT, 1881

WHO - Westcott and Hort GNT, 1881 (WHO). Westcott-Hort Greek Text prepared by Maurice A. Robinson, Ph.D. Department of Biblical Studies and Languages, Southeastern Baptist Theological Seminary, P. O. Box 1889, Wake Forest, North Carolina 27588. The Westcott and Hort GNT is the basis for the New Testaments of the English Revised Version 1885, and the American Standard Version ASV 1901, with formal

revisions using Eberhard Nestle's [23rd] Edition Greek NT resulting in the Revised Standard Version 1952 and the New American Standard Bible 1971. [see [ref: pp. 128-129, The New International Dictionary of the Christian Church, 1974, Gen. Ed. J.D. Douglas]. Accented.

BKR Bible kralická (1613)

BKR (Czech) – Bible Kralická: Bible svatá aneb všechna písmata Starého i Nového zákona podle posledního vydání Kralického z roku 1613 První český překlad z originálních jazyků kladoucí důraz na liturgické užití a vroucí zbožnost. NZ přeložil Jan Blahoslav 1564. Pro překlad SZ byla vytvořena zvláštní rada nejvzdělanějších odborníků, vzdělaných na předních evropských evangelických universitách, které tehdy Jednota bratrská měla. Jejich překlad vyšel v pěti dílech v letech 1579-1593 (6. díl byl Blahoslavův překlad NZ). V r. 1613 vyšlo souhrnné vydání v jednom. Bratři vytvořili mistrné dílo, vrchol překladatelského úsilí slovanských národů. Bible Kralická měla navíc nemalý podíl na zachování českého jazyka v době pobělohorské a po staletí též tvořila most mezi Čechy a Slováky.

CEP Český ekumenický překlad (1985)

CEP (Czech) – Český Ekumenický překlad: Písmo svaté Starého i Nového Zákona podle ekumenického vydání z r. 1985 © Ekumenická rada církví v ČR.

První společný, mezicírkevní biblický překlad v českých dějinách. Je plodem dlouholeté ekumenické spolupráce překladatelů (1961-1979). Starozákonní překladatelskou skupinu vedl prof. Miloš Bič, Novozákonní skupinu překladatelů prof. J. B. Souček (po jeho smrti, od r. Jindřich Mánek z Husovy bohoslovecké fakulty a od r. 1977 Petr Pokorný z Evangelické teologické fakulty). Tyto skupiny, od počátku koncipované jako ekumenické, zahrnovaly zprvu vedle evangelických biblistů (Českobratrská církev evangelická, Církev bratrská, Evangelická církev metodistická) i biblisty z Církve československé husitské a z Církve pravoslavné. Brzy se s pověřením svých biskupů připojili i biblisté z Církve římskokatolické.

KMS (Czech) - Nová smlouva, překlad KMS

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NKB Nová Bible Kralická

NKB (Czech) – Nová Bible Kralická: Nový Zákon našeho Pána a Spasitele Ježíše Krista. Z řeckého textu se stálým ohledem na Kralické znění přeložili A. Flek a P. Hoffman; © Sdružení pro Novou Bibli Kralickou.

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ASV - The Holy Bible, American Standard Version 1901

(ASV), similar to the English Revised Version of 1881-1885, both being based upon the Hebrew Masoretic text for the OT and upon the Westcott-Hort Greek text for the NT. The machine readable database Copyright © 1988 by the Ellis Enterprises, Inc., which by permission derived, re-formatted, and corrected the machine readable version of the ASV from the CompuBible Concordance Study System by NASSCO, Inc. of Lubbock, TX. Used by permission.

DRA The Douay-Rheims American Edition (1899)

The Douay-Rheims 1899 American Edition. Very literal translation of the Latin Vulgate. Public Domain. Also, compare with the LXE and LXT above.

KJV King James (1611/1769)

KJV - Authorized Version (KJV) - 1769 Blayney Edition of the 1611 King James Version of the English Bible - with Larry Pierce's Englishman's-Strong's Numbering System, ASCII version Copyright © 1988-1997 by the Online Bible Foundation and Woodside Fellowship of Ontario, Canada. Licensed from the Institute for Creation Research. Used by permission. The exact bibliographical pedigree of the machine readable text (MRT) version of the KJV has not yet been determined. Most KJV MRTs are derived from the University of Pennsylvania CCAT (Center for Computer Analysis of Texts). CCAT obtained their KJV MRT from Brigham Young University Humanities Research Center. This has been collated in part with another KJV MRT provided by Zondervan Bible Publishers. Then, possibly using this or another closely similar KJV MRT obtained from Public Brand Software, Larry Pierce and his volunteer associates at Woodside Fellowship and elsewhere painstakingly corrected the available KJV MRT to match exactly the British 1769 Blayney Edition of the KJV Authorized Version as printed by Cambridge University Press (the Cambridge AV Bible with Concord 8vo Bold-Figure refs in lower left corner of title page). This Cambridge AV edition is claimed to be the most accurate standard, with the next most accurate AV Bible having over 100 printing errors. Sharp Electronics of Japan has verified that the electronic version is indeed exactly the same as the printed Cambridge 1769 Blayney edition.

NAB The New American Bible

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NAS/NAU The New American Standard Bible with Codes (1995)

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NIV The New International Version (1984)

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NJB The New Jerusalem Bible

NJB - The New Jerusalem Bible, with Deutero-Canon, Copyright © 1985, Doubleday.

NKJ - The New King James Version NKJV

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NLT - HOLY BIBLE, New Living Translation

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NRS The New Revised Standard Version (1989)

NRS - The New Revised Standard Version NRSV (NRS) of the Bible. The Scripture quotations contained herein are from the New Revised Standard Version (NRSV) of the Bible, Copyrighted 1989 by the Division of Christian Education of the National Council of the Churches of Christ in the United States of America, and are used by permission. All rights reserved. BibleWorks™ includes the various NRSV OT Apocryphal- Deutero-Canonical books.

RSV Revised Standard Version 1952

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RWB - The English Revised 1833 Webster Update 1995

(RWB) with Pierce's Englishman's-Strong's Numbering System, ASCII version Copyright © 1988-1997 by the Online Bible Foundation and Woodside Fellowship of Ontario, Canada. Licensed from the Institute for Creation Research. Used by permission. The minor revisions include: obsolete words and phrases, stilted or complex grammar, changes from some modern versions, and, of course, the Pierce-Strong's Codes.

VUL Vulgate Latin Bible

VUL - Biblia Sacra Iuxta Vulgatam Versionem, Vulgate Latin Bible (VUL), edited by R. Weber, B. Fischer, J. Gribomont, H.F.D. Sparks, and W. Thiele [at Beuron and Tuebingen] Copyright © 1969, 1975, 1983 by Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft (German Bible Society), Stuttgart. Used by permission. ASCII formatted text provided via University of Pennsylvania, CCAT. Textual variants not included.

UBSDICT

A Concise Greek-English Dictionary of the New Testament, prepared by Barclay M. Newman, Jr., Copyright © 1971 by the United Bible Societies (UBS) and 1993 by Deutsche Bibelgesellschaft (German Bible Society), Stuttgart. Used by permission. MRT ASCII version reformatted, corrected, and updated in 1987 by CCAT, University of Pennsylvania.

LNLEX - Louw-Nida Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament

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THAYER Greek-English Lexicon of the New Testament.

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